

Using NorFor to Balance for Amino Acids in Lactating Cows



Projektet har fået tilskud fra 'Grønt Udviklings- og Demonstrations Program, GUDP under Fødevareministeriet'



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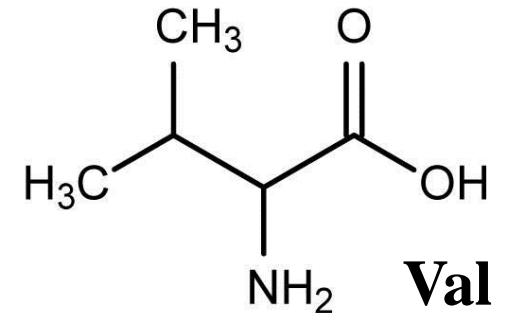
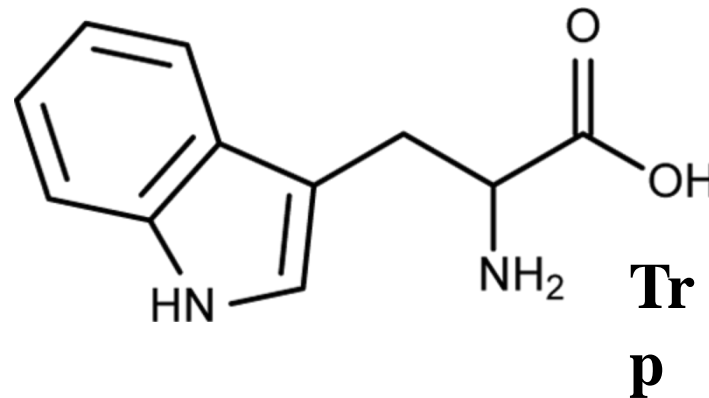
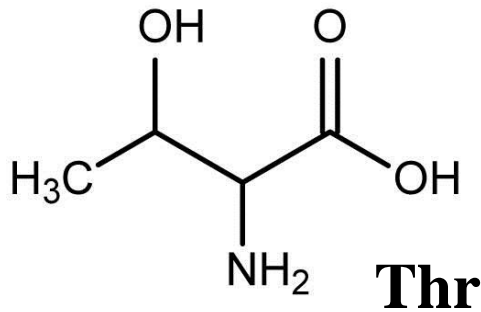
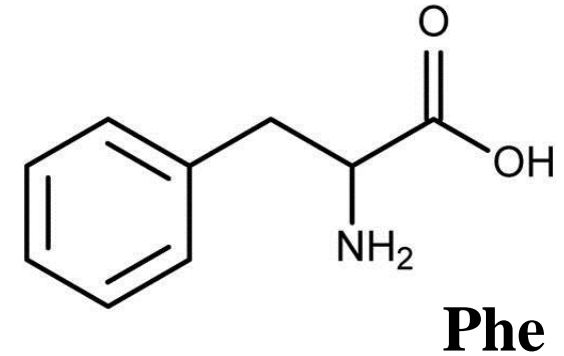
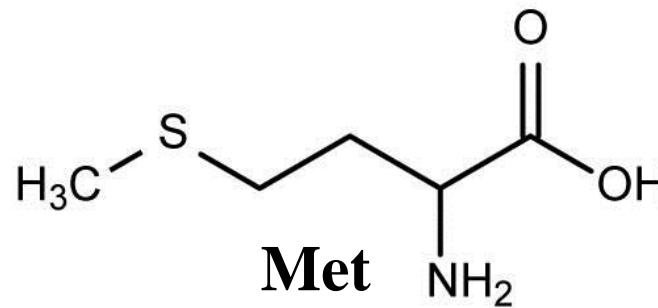
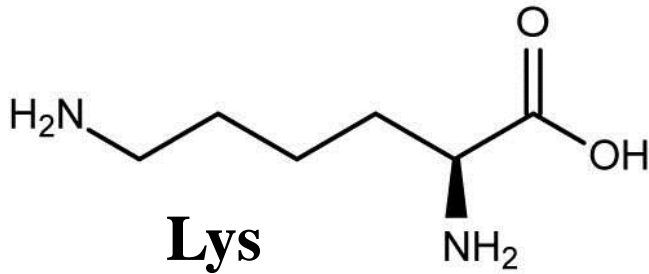
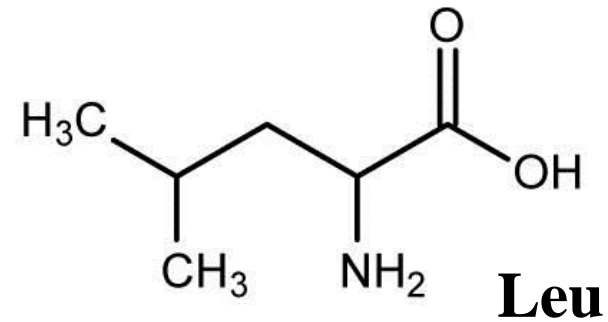
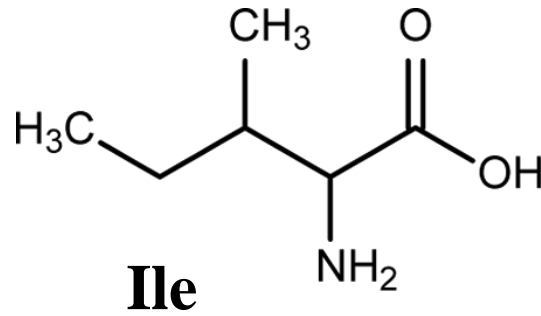
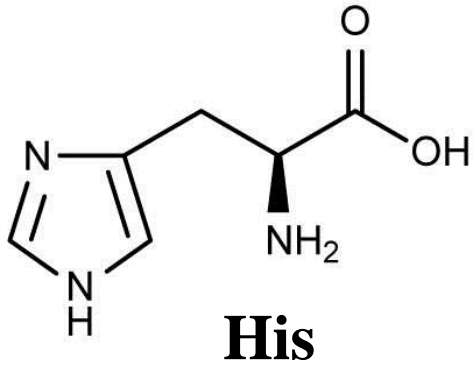
Temadag om Aktuelle Fodringsspørgsmål 2013



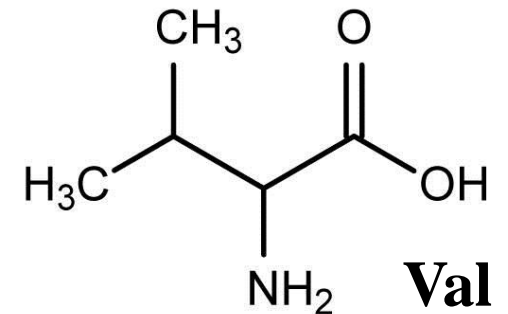
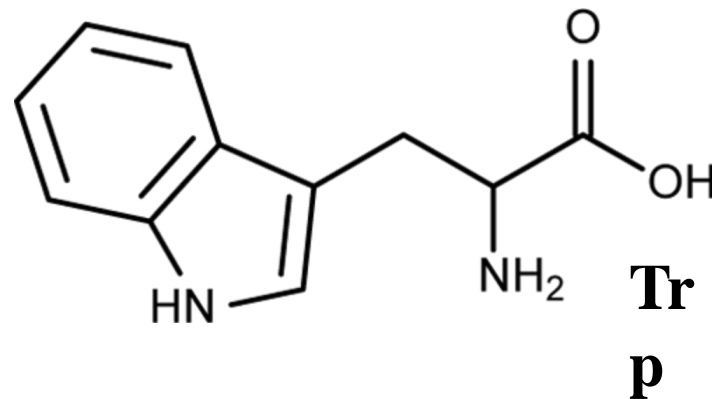
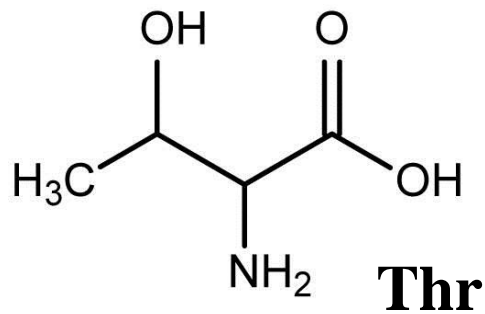
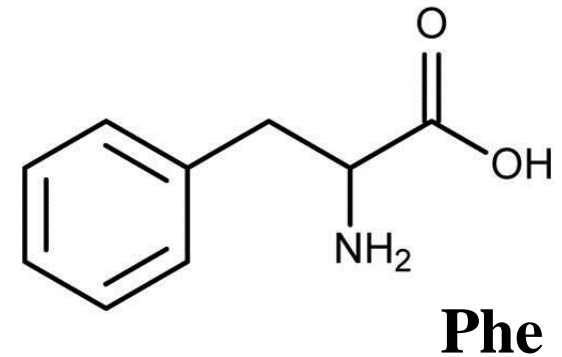
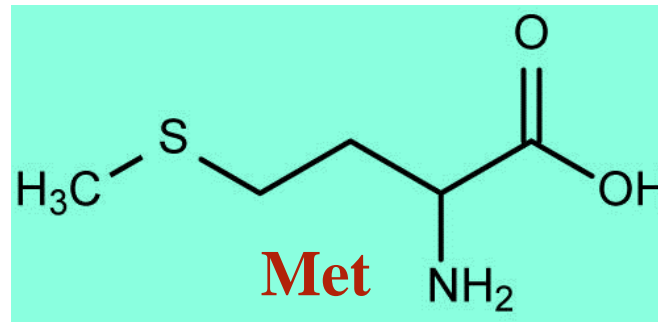
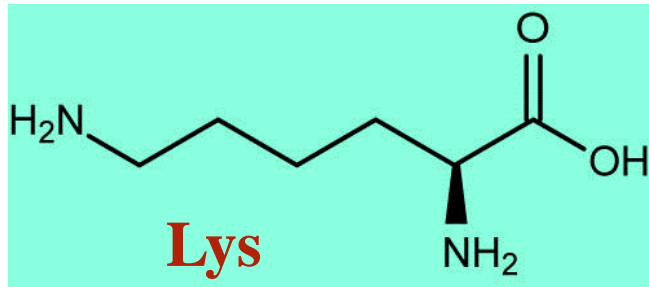
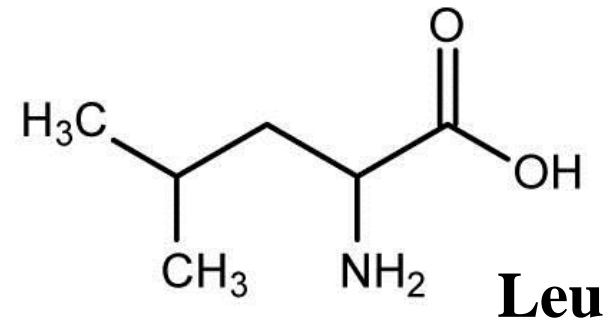
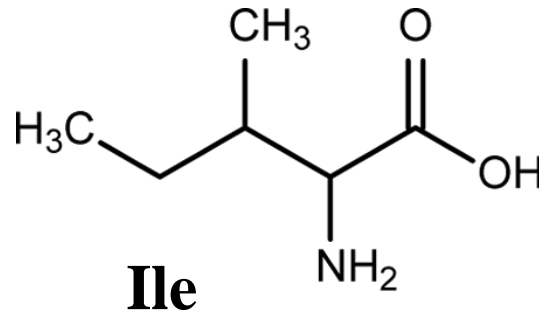
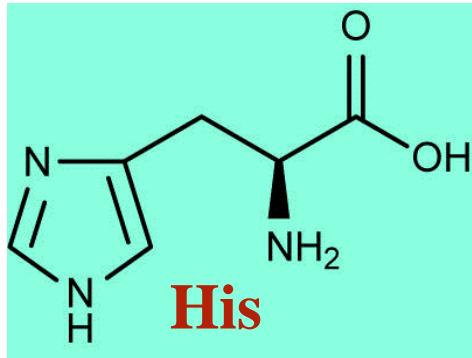
BN&R, LLC

Amino Acids Adequacy for Dairy Cows

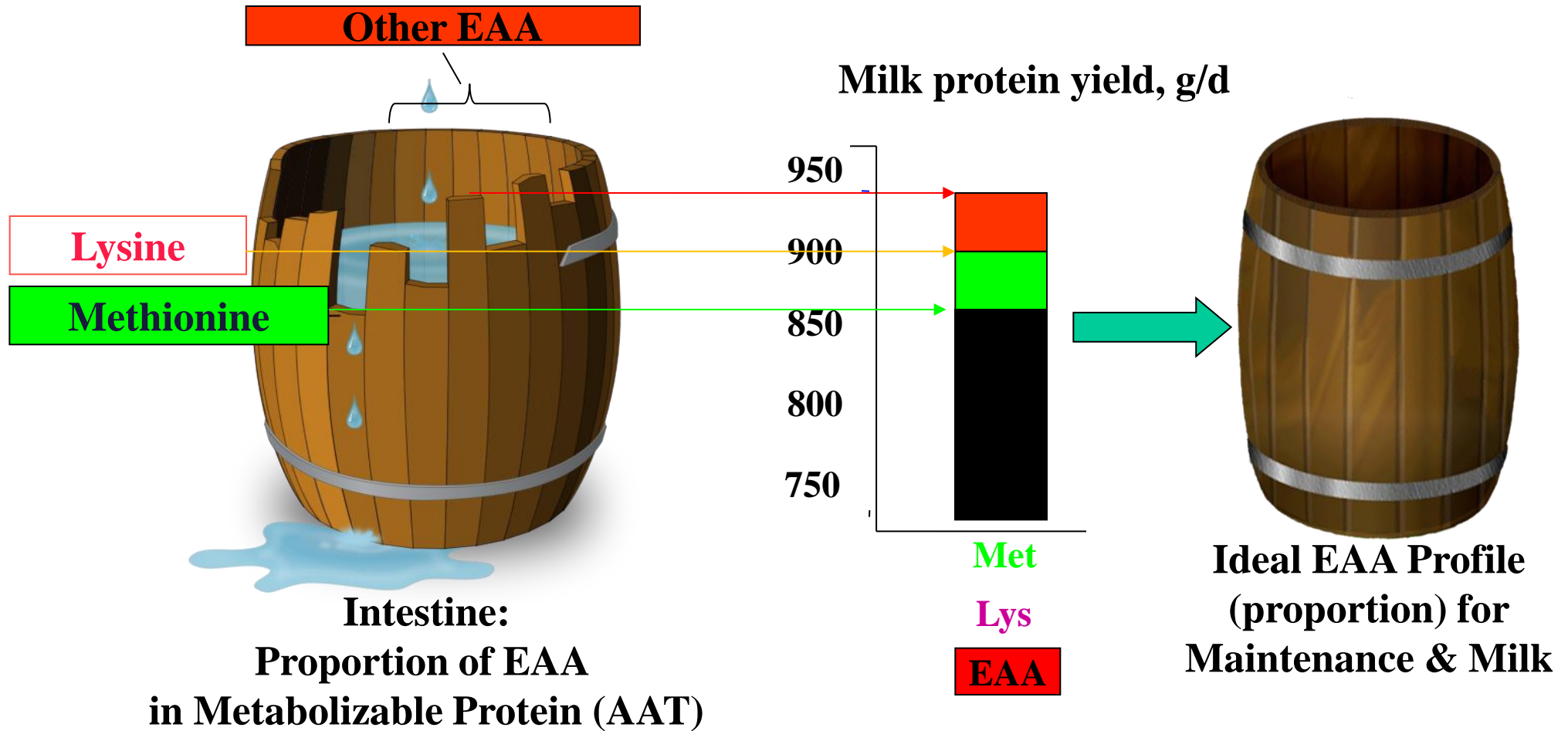
Essential Amino Acids



Essential Amino Acids

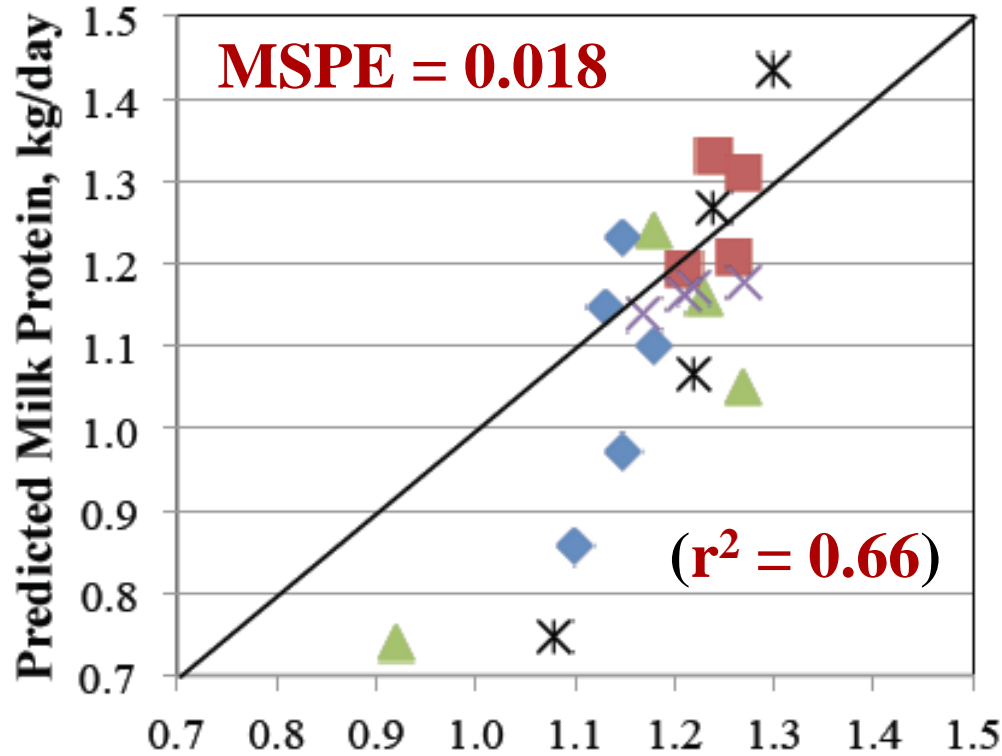


Ideal Essential Amino Acid (EAA) Profile (for Cow): Barrel Stave Analogy

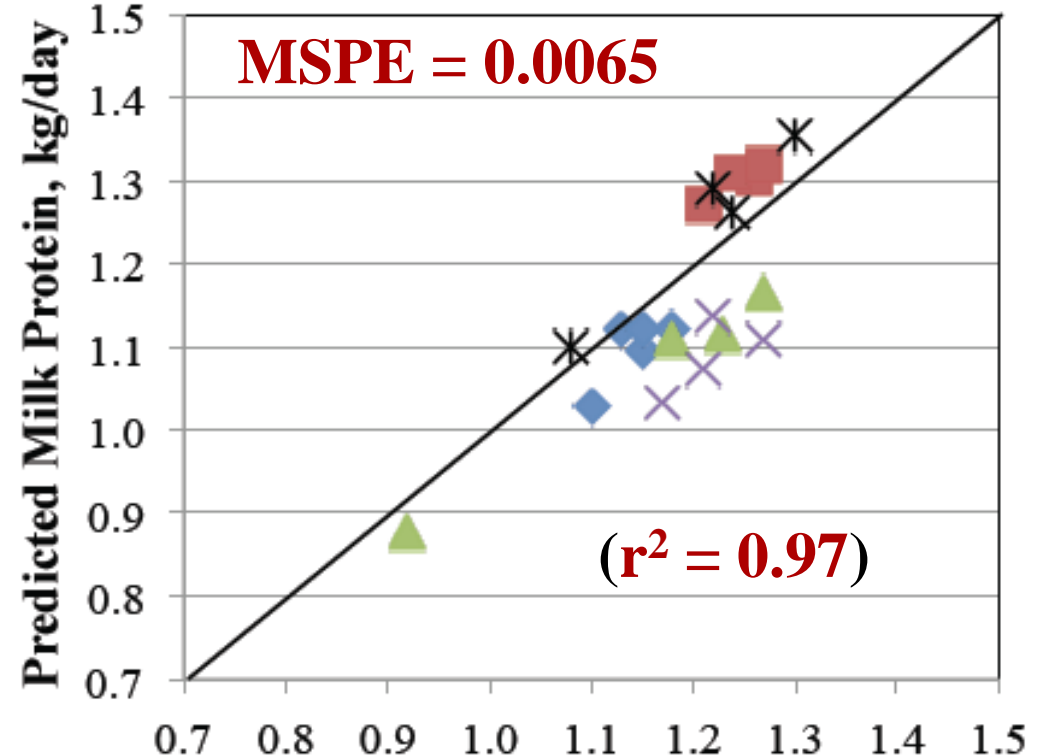


NRC-2001 versus NorFor: Milk Protein Yield

NRC-2001 Predicted Milk Protein



NorFor Predicted Milk Protein



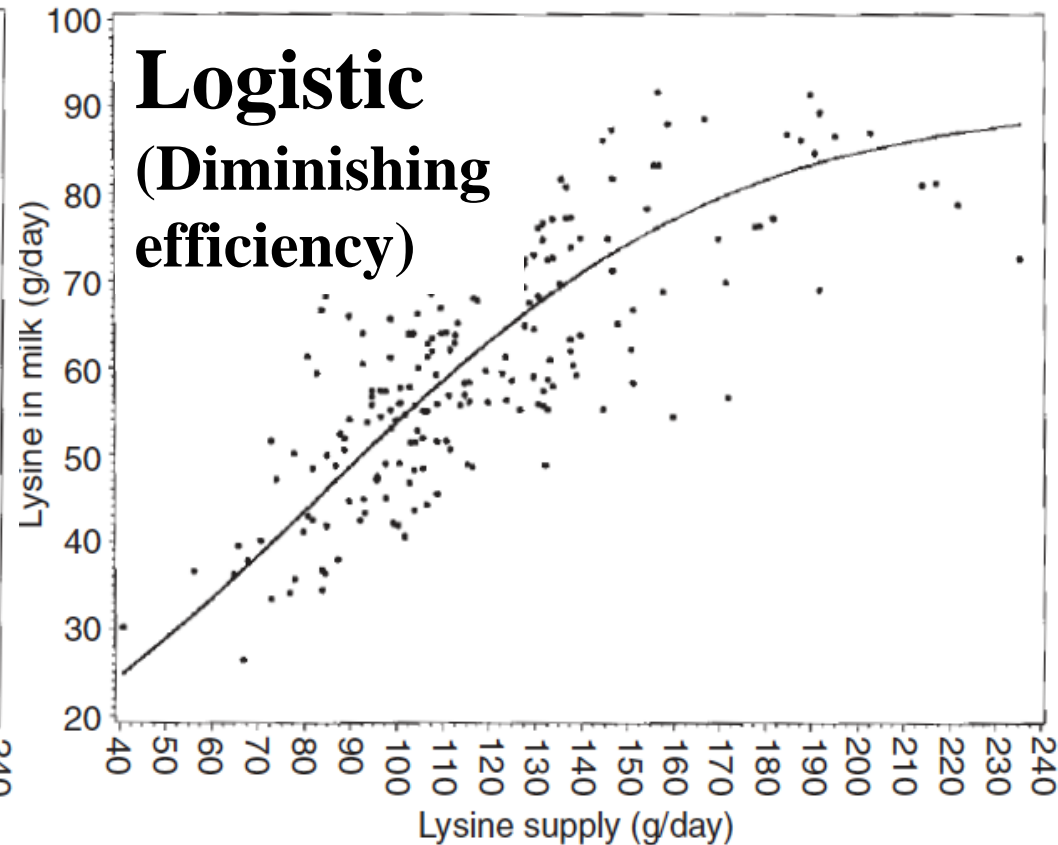
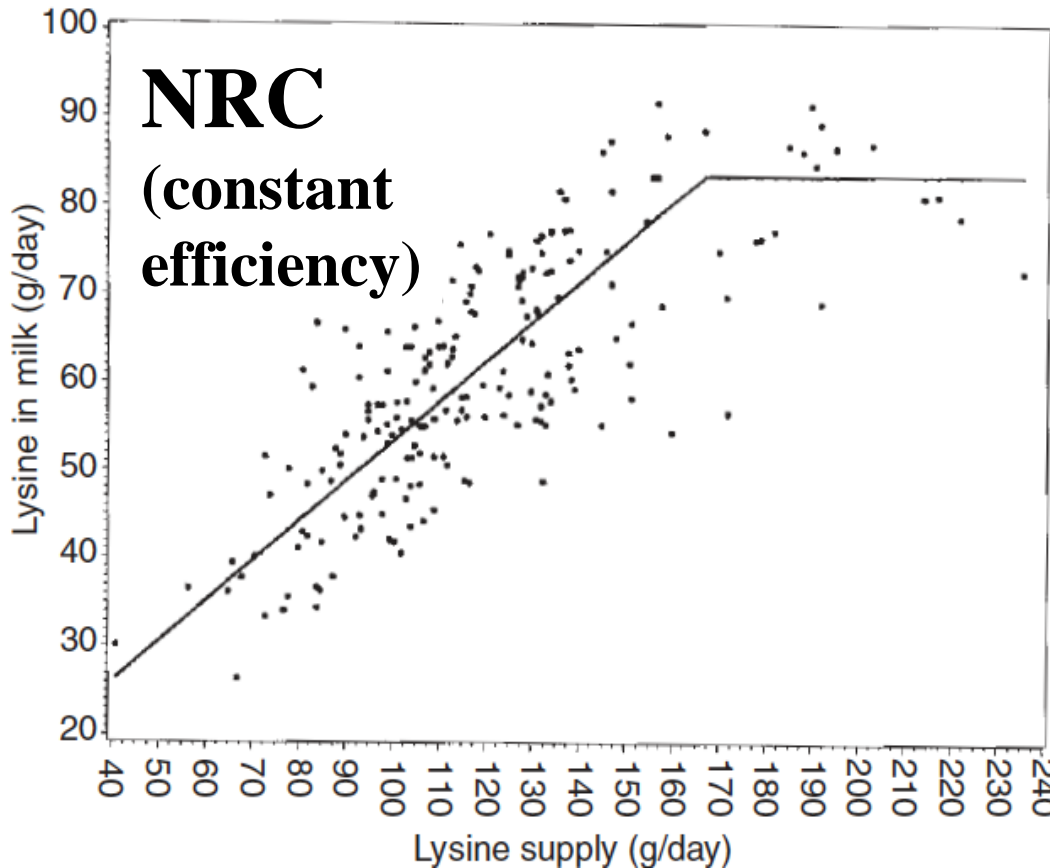
- ◆ Olmos 1 ● Olmos 2 ▲ Brito × Reynal * Nursoy & Gonzalez



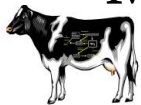
Amino Acids Adequacy for Dairy Cows



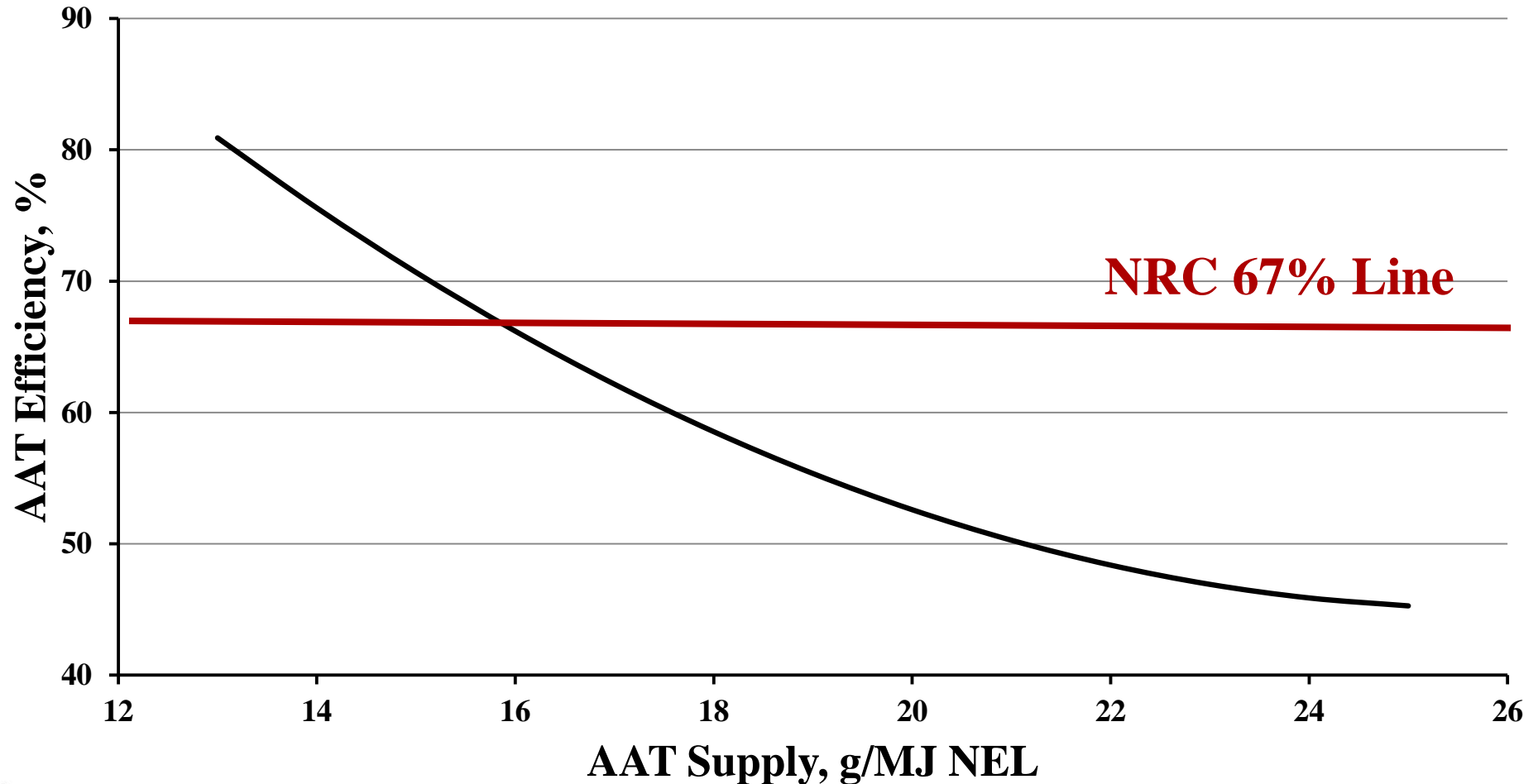
Broken-Stick (NRC) vs. Logistic Model of Protein Utilization



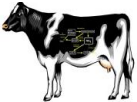
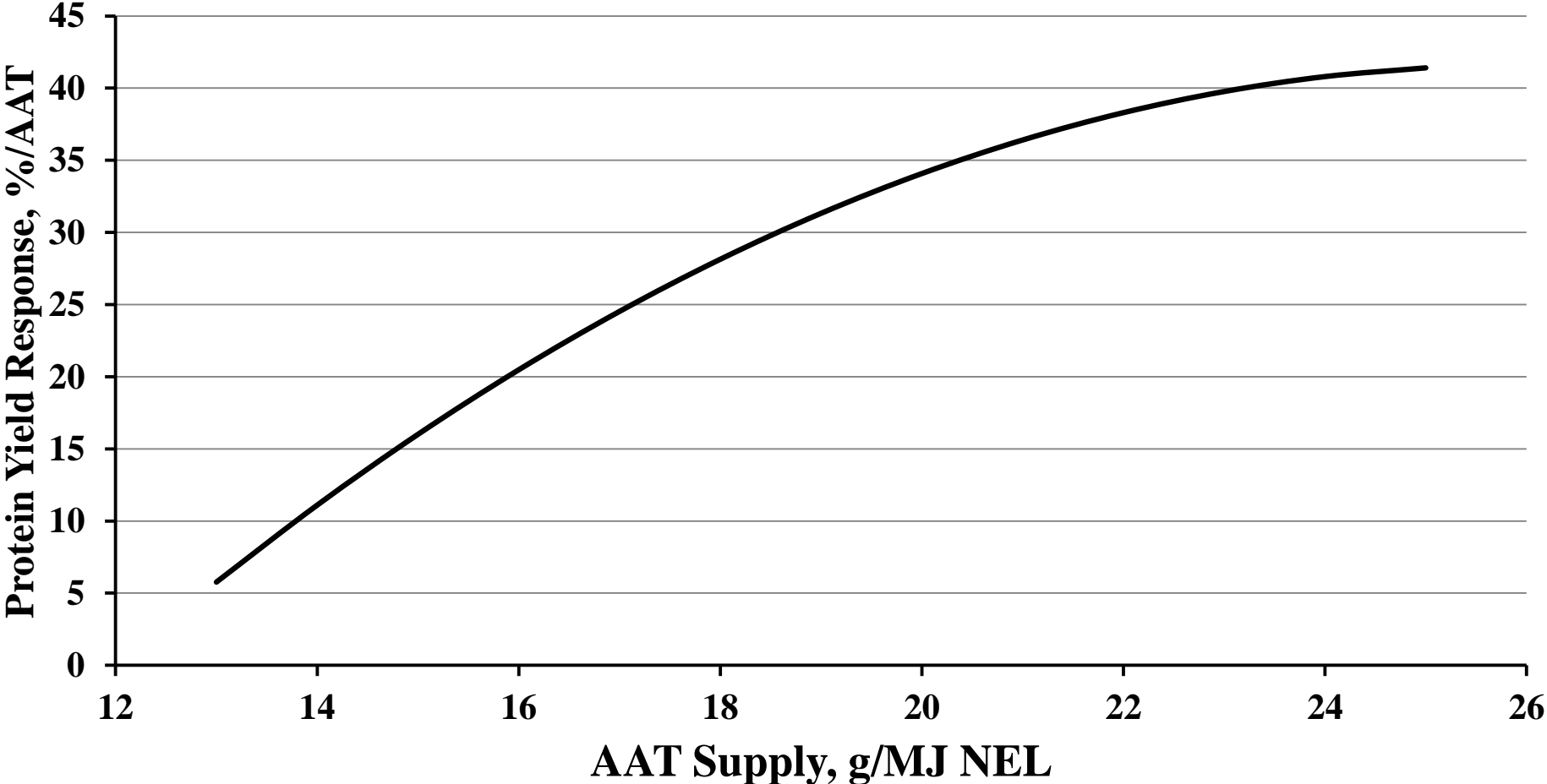
Both Models fit Data Equally Well but Diminishing Efficiency (Logistic Model) Makes more Biological Sense (Lapierre et al., 2005).



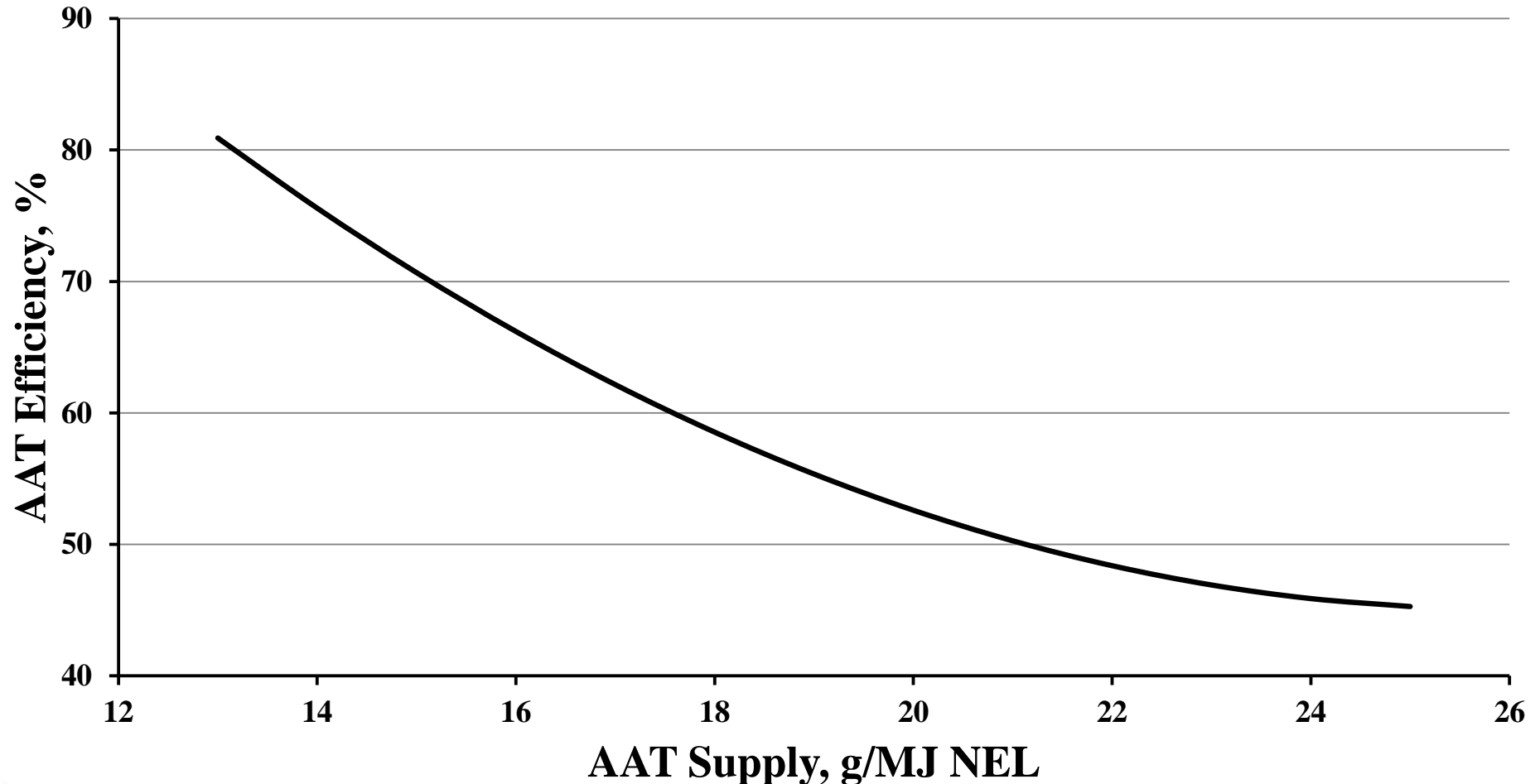
NorFor—Declining AAT (MP) Utilization for Milk Protein with Increasing Supply



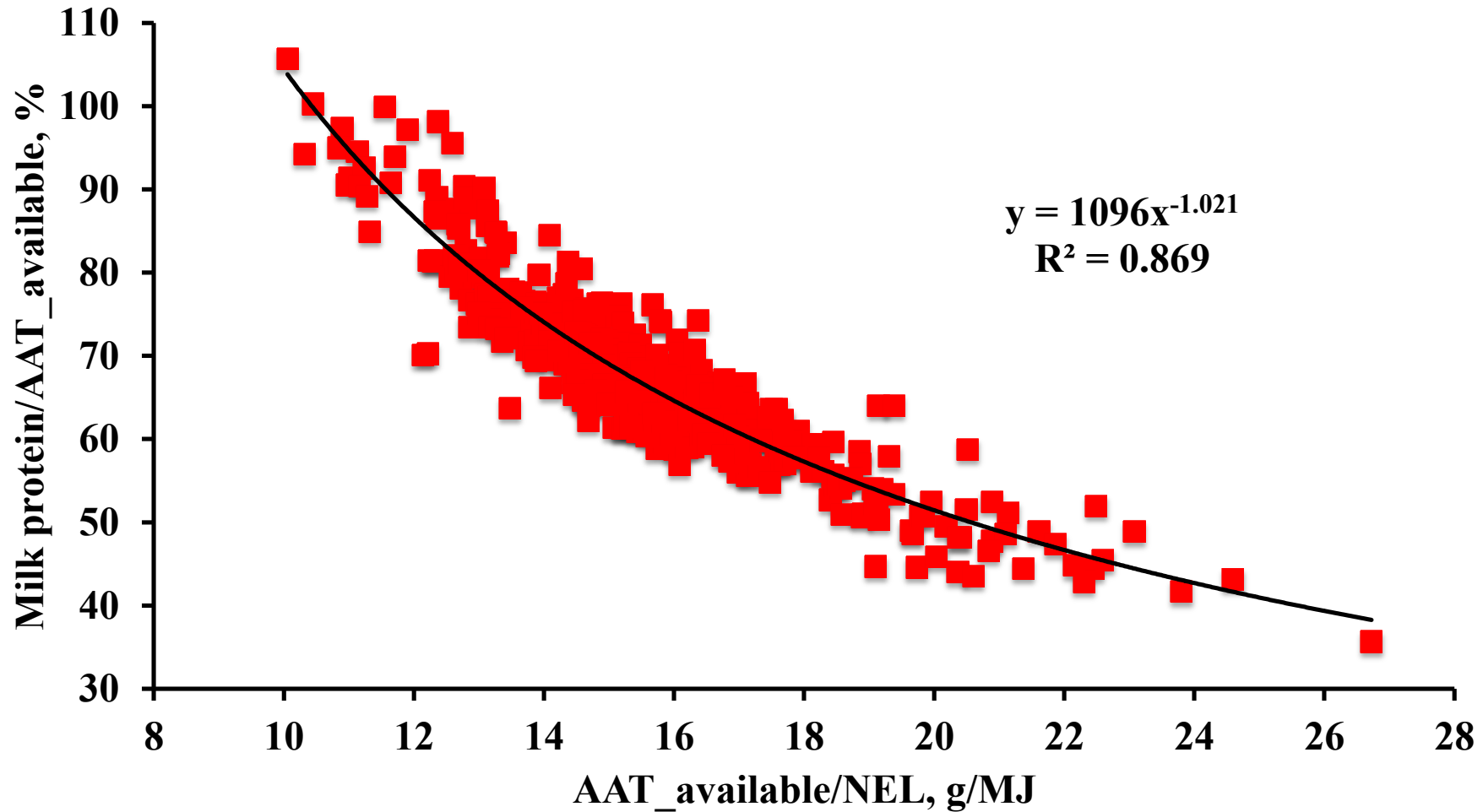
NorFor--Marginal Protein Yield Response with Increasing AAT (MP) Supply



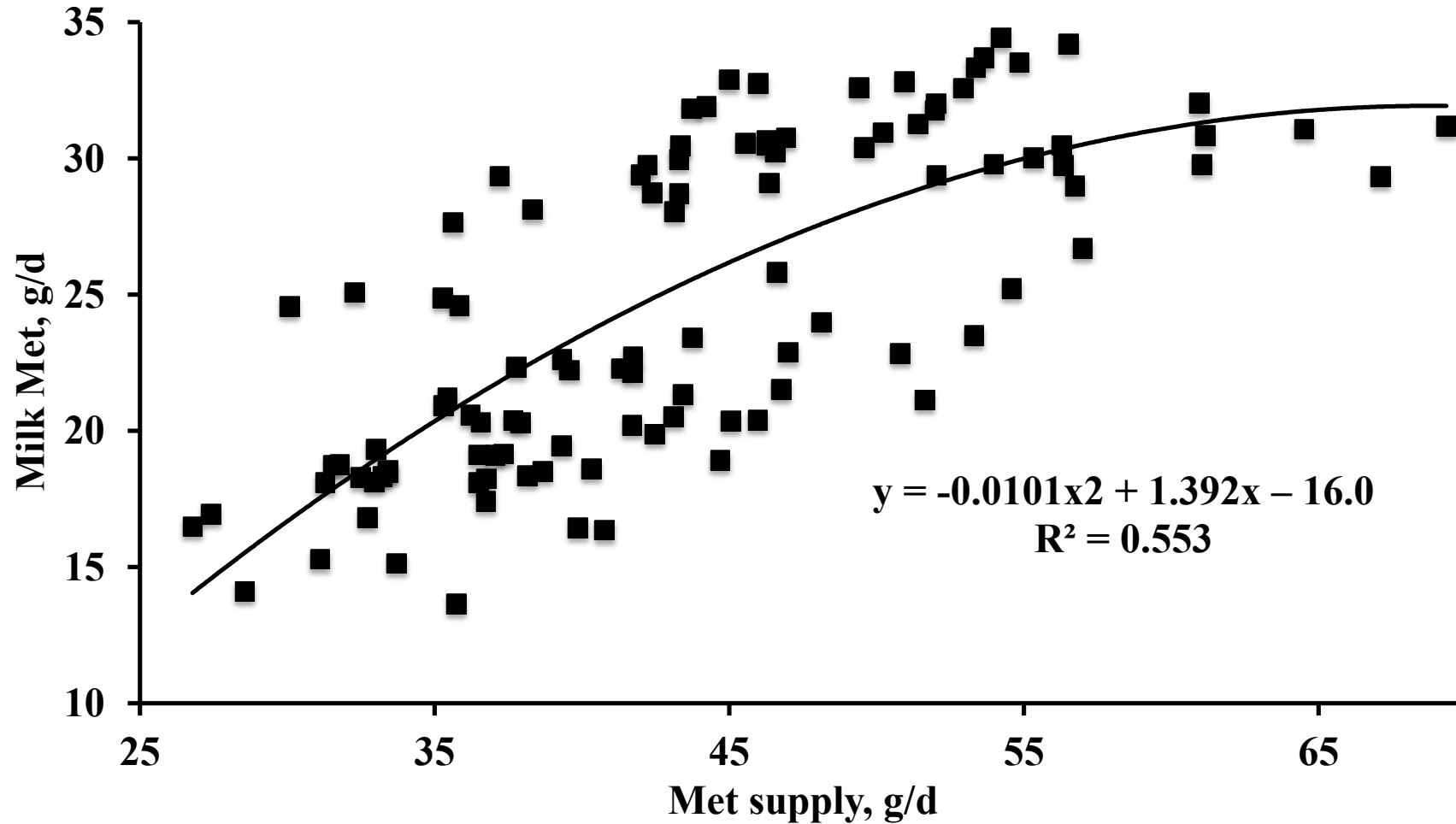
NorFor—Declining AAT (MP) Utilization for Milk Protein with Increasing Supply



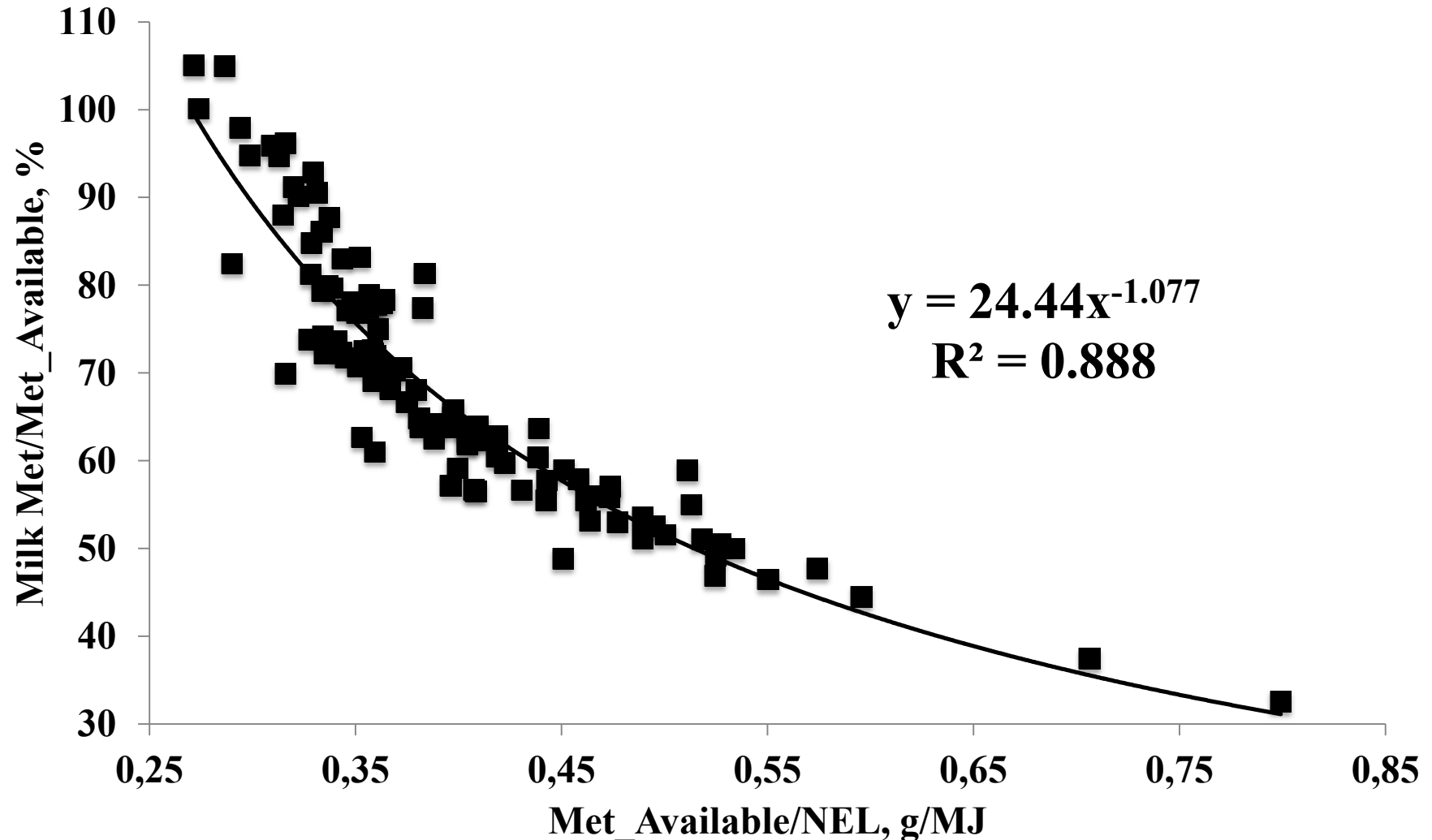
Observed Decline in MP (AAT) Utilization for Milk Protein with Increasing Supply (490 Diets)



Milk Met Secretion vs. Total Met Supply (105 Diets)

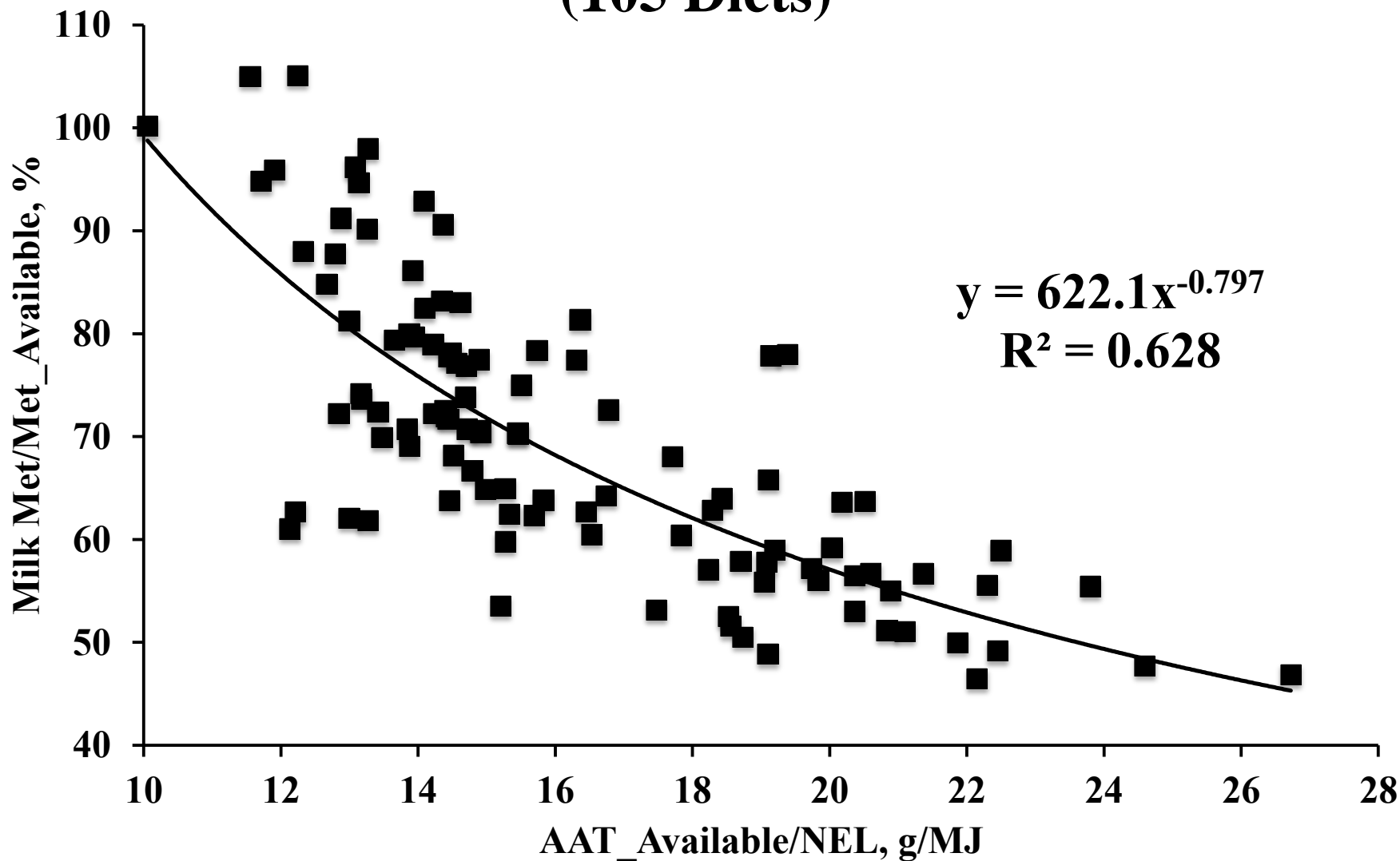


Milk Met/Avail-Met vs. Avail-Met/NE_L (108 Diets)



Milk Met Secretion vs. AAT/NEL

(105 Diets)



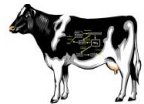
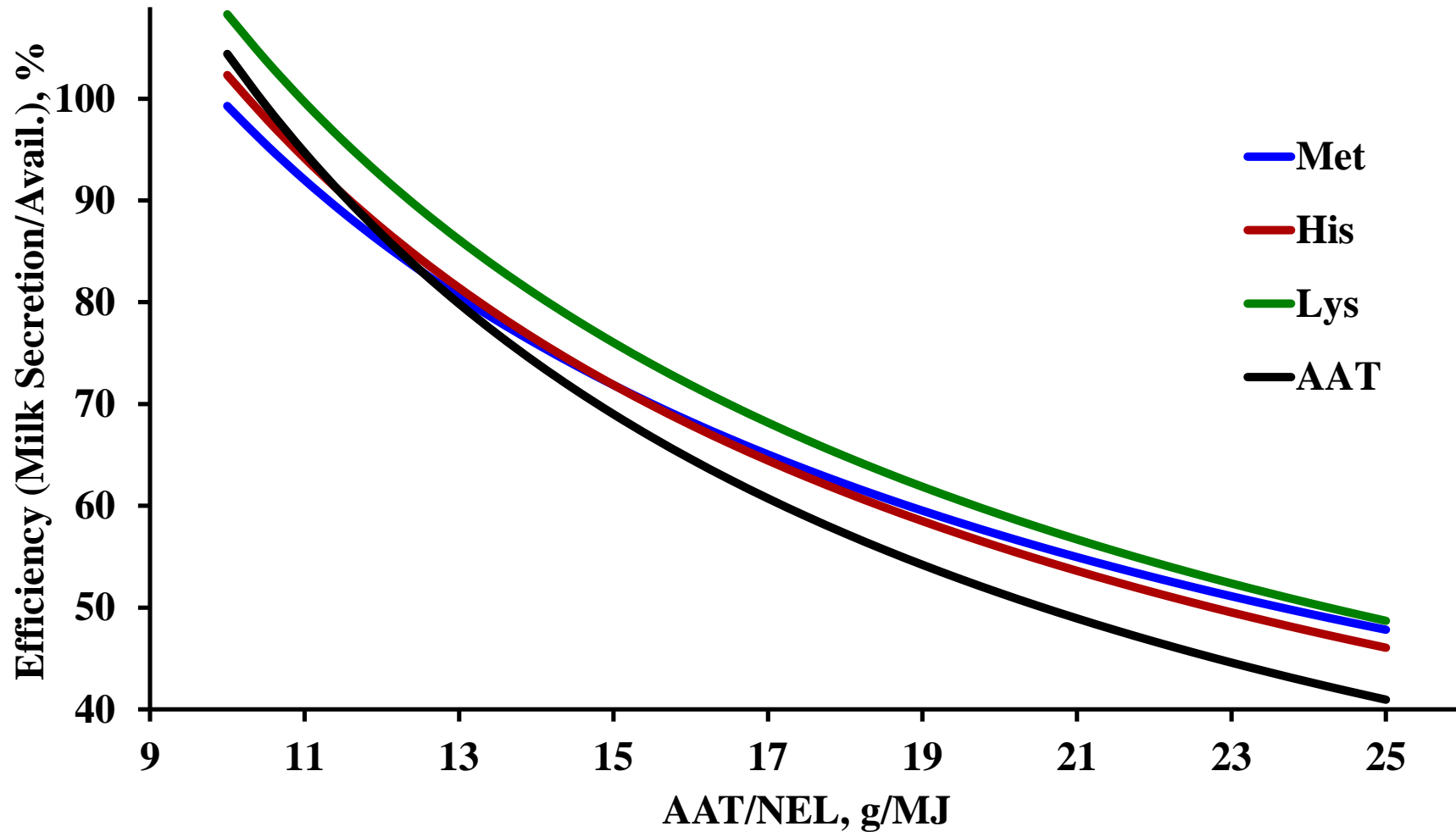
Power Ftns Predicting EAA Efficiency

$$Y (\text{Milk EAA/EAA}_{\text{avail}}, \%) = \text{Coef.} * X^t \quad (X = \text{EAA}_{\text{avail}}/\text{NEL})$$

Parameter	Essential Amino Acid		
	Met	Lys	His
R²	0.888	0.894	0.852
Coef. X	24.4	78.2	26.4
t (Exponent)	-1.08	-1.10	-1.01
Points	108	108	108



Milk EAA & Protein Secretion vs. AAT/NEL (490/105 Diets)

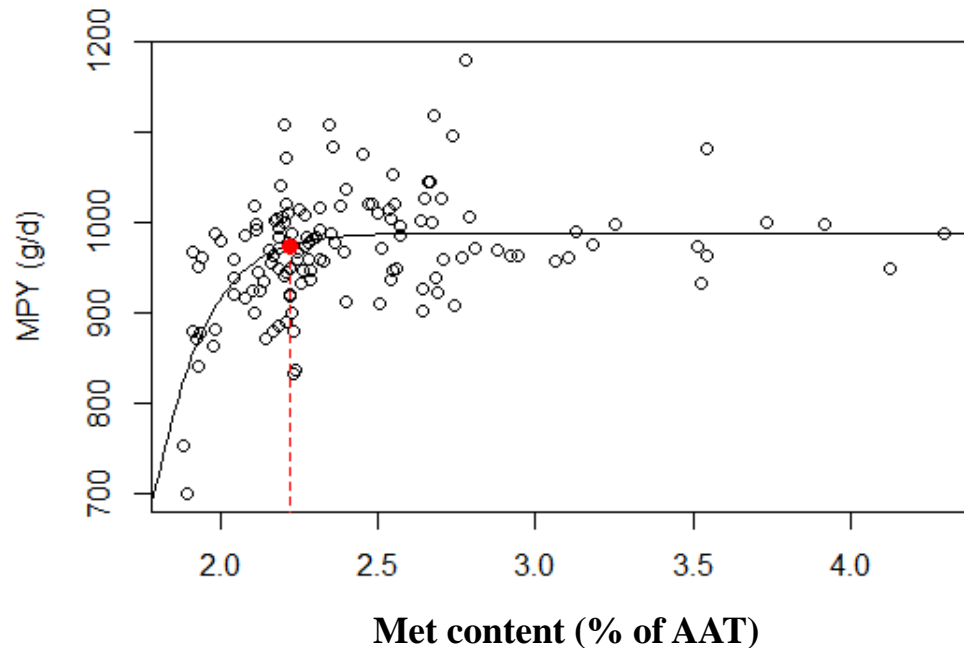


What are EAA Optimums?

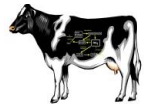
Schwab et al. (1992) & NRC (2001):

2.4% Met & 7.2% Lys in Metabolizable Protein

Met & His Both = 2.6% of Milk Protein (= Optimum)



Nicolaj's Fit of Milk Protein Yield (MPY) Responses to Met Supplementation (RP-Met & Abomasal Infused Met):
2.2% Met in AAT

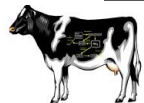


EAA Requirements as % of AAT (MP)

<u>AAT/NEL</u>	<u>AAT eff.</u>	<u>Met eff.</u>	<u>[Met]</u>	<u>[His]</u>	<u>[Lys]</u>	<u>Lys/Met</u>
(g/MJ)	------(%)-----		------(% of AAT)-----			
12.0	86.7	89.4	2.40¹	2.42	6.94	2.9
13.0	79.9	83.4	2.40	2.41	6.95	2.9
14.0	74.0	78.1	2.40	2.40	6.96	2.9
15.0	69.0	73.5	2.40	2.39	6.97	2.9
16.0	64.6	69.3	2.40	2.38	6.97	2.9
17.0	60.7	65.6	2.40	2.37	6.98	2.9
18.0	57.3	62.2	2.40	2.36	6.99	2.9
19.0	54.2	59.2	2.40	2.36	7.00	2.9
20.0	51.4	56.4	2.40	2.35	7.00	2.9
21.0	48.9	53.9	2.40	2.34	7.01	2.9
22.0	46.7	51.6	2.40	2.34	7.02	2.9
23.0	44.6	49.4	2.40	2.33	7.02	2.9

¹Utilizable Met set = 2.4% of AAT (Schwab, 1992)

Amino Acids Adequacy for Dairy Cows



EAA Requirements as % of AAT (MP)

AAT/NEL (g/MJ)	AAT eff. -----(%)-----	Met eff.	[Met] -----(% of AAT)-----	[His]	[Lys]	Lys/Met
12.0	86.7	89.4	2.40 ¹	2.42	6.94	2.9
13.0	79.9	83.4	2.40	2.41	6.95	2.9
14.0	74.0	78.1	2.40	2.40	6.96	2.9
15.0	69.0	73.5	2.40	2.39	6.97	2.9
16.0	64.6	69.3	2.40	2.38	6.97	2.9
17.0	60.7	65.6	2.40	2.37	6.98	2.9
18.0	57.3	62.2	2.40	2.36	6.99	2.9
19.0	54.2	59.2	2.40	2.36	7.00	2.9
20.0	51.4	56.4	2.40	2.35	7.00	2.9
21.0	48.9	53.9	2.40	2.34	7.01	2.9
22.0	46.7	51.6	2.40	2.34	7.02	2.9
23.0	44.6	49.4	2.40	2.33	7.02	2.9

¹Utilizable Met set = 2.4% of AAT (Schwab, 1992)

Amino Acids Adequacy for Dairy Cows



Prediction of Response to RP-Met & Lys

Reference	Met Supply - Req, g/d	Lys Req, g/d	RP-Met MPY response (supp - control), g/d	RP-Met+Lys MPY response (supp - control), g/d	RP-Lys MPY response (supp - control), g/d	Comment
Robinson et al., 1998	-6.1	-9.7		19	-10	
	-2.6	-1.1		54		
Piepenbrink et al. 1996	-6.2	-4.6		-17	(3)	
Armentano et al. 1997	-3.5	-6.5	36	(2)	62	
Bremmer et al. 1997	-3.7	-9.6		10		
Bateman et al. 1999	-6.5	-14.0		-13		
	-5.3	-15.4		47		
Blum et al. 1999	-4.1	-9.8	-24			44 g Met/d
Overton et al. 1998	-2.5	-3.3	54			
	0.8	9.8	-21			
Soder & Holden, 1999	-7.5	-4.6	-25	(2)		
Samuelson et al. 2001	-6.4	-10.5	53	(3)		
	-8	-21.7	-36	(3)		
Nichols et al. 2000	12.6	46.4		15		Excess Met & Lys?
	23.9	-0.5		64		
Rulquin et al. 1997	1.4	7.5	17			
Casper et al. 1988	-0.6	-1.2	22			
Pisulewski & Kowalski 1999	0.6	5.2	-9	(4)		
Leonardi et al. 2003	-8.2	-12.8	-26			
	-8.7	-24.2	62			
Ordway et al. 2009	4.2	12.3	34	(2)		
Means	-3.3	-4.6	10.5			
	-4.8	-8.7		23.1		



Prediction of Response to RP-Met & Lys (Means)

Met Supply - Req, g/d	Lys Supply - Req, g/d	RP-Met MPY response (supp - control), g/d	RP-Met+Lys MPY response (supp - control), g/d
-3	-5	11 (23)	
-5	-9		23 (9)



Supplementing Low CP Diets with Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His (Lee et al., 2012)

Item	Metabolizable Protein				Prob.
	Adequate	Deficient	Def+ML	Def+MLH	
CP, %	15.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	
MP (NRC), kg/d	2.66	2.08	2.15	2.20	
<u>Production</u>					
DMI, kg/d	24.5	23.0	23.7	24.3	0.06
Milk, kg/d	38.8 ^a	35.2 ^b	36.9 ^{ab}	38.5 ^a	<0.01
True prot., kg/d	1.13 ^a	1.01 ^b	1.10 ^a	1.14 ^a	<0.01
MUN, mg/dL	13.0 ^a	10.3 ^b	10.1 ^b	11.1 ^{ab}	<0.01
MN/NI, %	29 ^b	34 ^a	34 ^a	34 ^a	<0.01
Urinary N, g/d	143 ^a	92 ^b	87 ^b	97 ^b	<0.01

Supplemented 18, 24 & 12 g/d of Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His
^{a,b}(P < 0.05)



Supplementing Low CP Diets with Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His (Lee et al., 2012)

Item	Dietary Metabolizable Protein				<u>Optimum</u>
	Adequate	Deficient	Def+ML	Def+MLH	
CP, %	15.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	
AAT, kg/d	2.50	2.12	2.25	2.33	
<u>[EAAi] in AAT</u>					
Met, %	2.1	2.2	2.9	2.8	2.4
Lys, %	6.7	6.6	7.4	7.4	7.0
His, %	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.4

Supplemented 18, 24 & 12 g/d of Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His



Supplementing Low CP Diets with Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His (Lee et al., 2012)

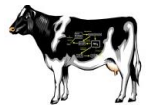
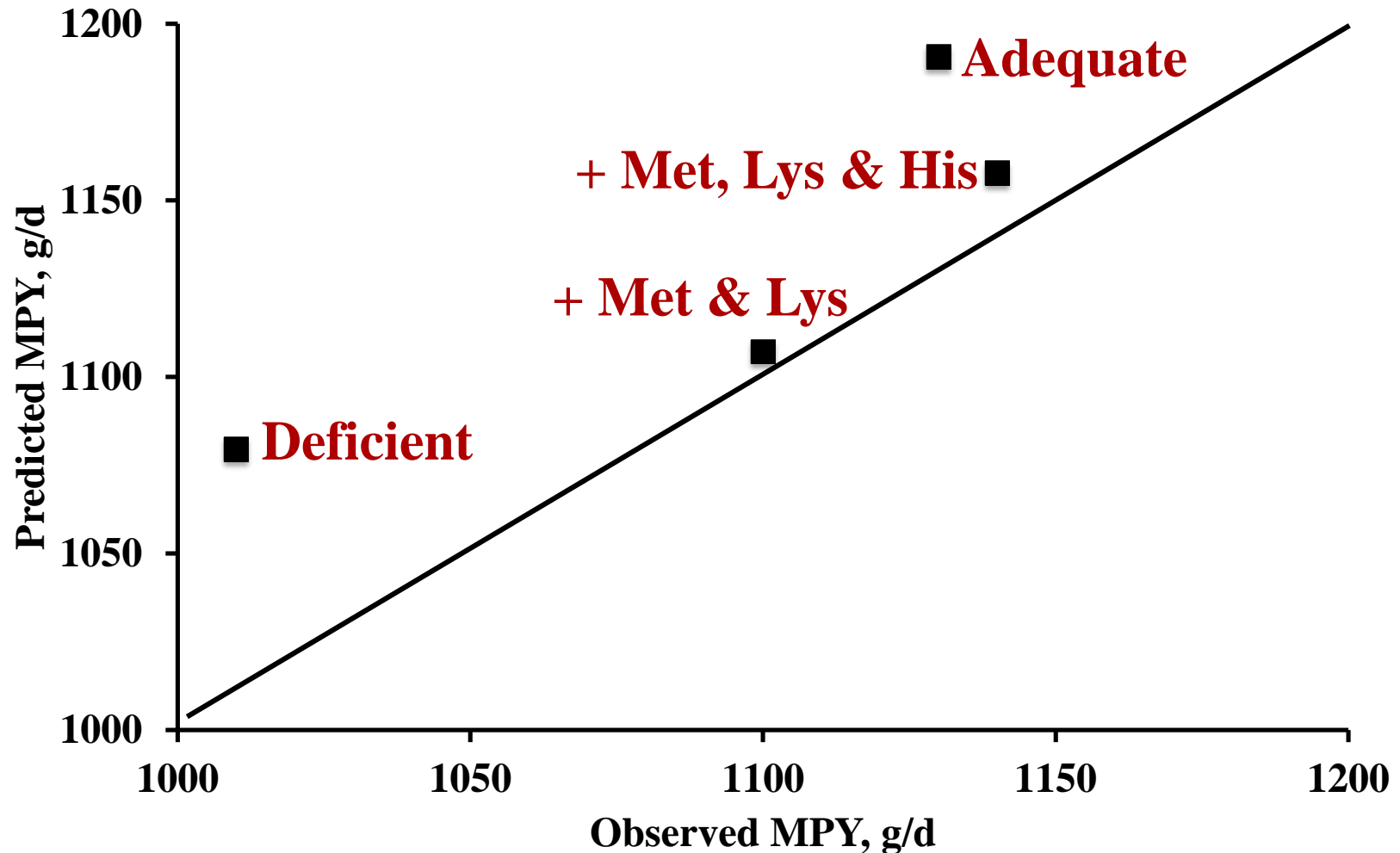
Item	Dietary Metabolizable Protein				<u>Optimum</u>
	Adequate	Deficient	Def+ML	Def+MLH	
CP, %	15.7	13.6	13.6	13.6	
AAT, g/d	2.50	2.12	2.25	2.33	
<u>[EAAi] in AAT</u>					
Met, %	2.1	2.2	2.9	2.8	2.4
Lys, %	6.7	6.6	7.4	7.4	7.0
His, %	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.4

Supplemented 18, 24 & 12 g/d of Rumen-Protected Met, Lys & His



Prediction of Milk Protein Yield by NorFor

(Lee et al., 2012)



Summary & Conclusions

- 1. Met, Lys & His Are Most Limiting EAA**
- 2. NorFor Applies Variable, Diminishing Efficiencies of AAT Utilization**
- 3. Power Functions Developed for Met, Lys & His Efficiency**
- 4. Further Development of EAA Approach is Needed**
- 5. Supplying Limiting EAA Will Lower Required Dietary CP & Reduce Environmental Footprint**

